# Flood-resilience strategies

CODE	DESCRIPTION	DIAGRAM	IMAGE
A - THE	YARD		
A1.1	Replace any impermeable materials to permeable materials to absorb and slow the flow of water.		
	<ul> <li>Examples of permeable materials: gravels, permeable pavers, turf and planting bed.</li> </ul>		CALL STORE
	<ul> <li>Examples of impermeable materials: asphalt, concrete, traditional stone, brick or concrete</li> </ul>	c c c	AFE
A1.2	Create a bioswale and/or rain garden system.	Bioswale	
	Bioswale Bioswales are a simple landscaping and garden feature used to slow, collect and filter overland flow, allowing for the redirection of flood water away from the house. When designing a bioswale, make sure it does not redirect water to your neighbouring properties. NOTE: Prior to implementing this strategy consult Brisbane City Council for approvals Raingarden Raingardens similarly collect water and are vegetated with water plants. NOTE: Prior to implementing this strategy consult Brisbane City Council for approvals.	Rain garden	
A1.3	Relocate any yard-based structures that are in the path of overland flow.		
A1.4	Create fencing which allows overland flow flood waters through.		
	Flood damage to fences can be avoided by ensuring the fence is water permeable and made of a resilient		







### **B - EXTERNAL SERVICES**

material.

A1.5

B1.1 Raise the electrical meter board above the 50% Annual Exceedance Probability (AEP) flood level.

Install a submersible pump and sump.





### **B - EXTERNAL SERVICES**



C1.3 Add additional air vents to above the 50% AEP flood level.





## **C - EXTERNAL STRUCTURE**

CODE	DESCRIPTION	DIAGRAM	IMAGE
C1.4	Replace any damaged structural bracing.		
	NOTE: Consult a RPEQ Structural Engineer for recommendations. To find a RPEQ, please visit bqeq.qld.gov.au		
C1.5	Consult a RPEQ Structural Engineer for recommendations if there is any visible evidence that the structural posts or columns in the path of overland flow flooding are either rusted or unstable due to consistent contact with water.		
D - EXTERIOR			
D1.1	Replace external cladding with suitable water- resistant cladding.		
D2 - DOUBL	E BRICK		

- D2.1 Consult a RPEQ Structural Engineer for recommendations if there is any obvious damage to the cavity brick from flood waters. To find a RPEQ, please visit bqeq.qld.gov.au
- D2.2 Clean out any blocked weep holes and consult a **RPEQ Structural Engineer for recommendations.**
- D2.3 Add more weep holes for water to escape.

NOTE: Consult a RPEQ Structural Engineer for recommendations.

#### **D3 - BRICK VENEER**

- D3.1 Consult a RPEQ Structural Engineer for recommendations if there is any obvious damage to the brickwork from flood waters. To find a RPEQ, please visit bqeq.qld.gov.au
- D3.2 Clean out any blocked weep holes and consult a **RPEQ Structural Engineer for recommendations.**













### **D - EXTERIOR**

CODE	DESCRIPTION	DIAGRAM	IMAGE
D3.3	Add more weep holes for water to escape:		
	NOTE: Consult a RPEQ Structural Engineer for recommendations.		
D3.4	Remove water-damaged sections of internal plasterboard linings.		
D3.5	Remove non water-resistant linings and replace with a water-resistant product.		
D4 - CAVITY	Y WALL FRAMING		
D4.1	Replace non water-resistant framing with suitable water-resistant framing.		

#### **D5 - INSULATION**

D5.1 Remove wool insulation batts and replace with suitable closed-cell insulation.



#### **E - INTERIOR**

#### **E1 - INTERNAL STRUCTURAL MEMBERS**

- E1.1 Consult a RPEQ Structural Engineer for recommendations if there is any evidence of damage to structural members caused by flooding. To find a RPEQ, please visit bqeq.qld.gov.au
- E1.2 Consult a RPEQ Structural Engineer for recommendations if structural members should be replaced as part of a retrofit program.

NOTE: Structural members are supports that are essential to the integrity of any stucture.





# E - INTERIOR

CODE	DESCRIPTION	DIAGRAM	IMAGE
E2 - INTERN	IAL FLOORS		
E2.1	Remove existing flooring and replace with water- resistant/proof flooring.		
E3 - INTERN	IAL WALLS		
E3.1	Remove existing wall linings and replace with water- resistant/proof linings to above the 50% AEP flood level.		
E3.2	Waterproof the junction between the wall lining and floor substrate.		
E4 - WET AI	REAS - BATHROOMS		
E4.1	Remove baths with low-height cavity walls and replace with a:	×	
	<ul> <li>free-standing bath that can be cleaned underneath</li> </ul>		
	• shower.		
E5 - INTERN	IAL SERVICES - ELECTRICAL		
E5.1	Elevate powerpoints and datapoints above the 50% AEP flood level.		
E6 - INTERN	IAL STAIRS		
E6.1	Eliminate any cavities under or within the structure of the stairs.		
F - DOORS, WINDOWS AND BUILDING OPENINGS			
F1.1	Replace hollow core doors with:		Solid core door Wood Siles and Rails

- solid core doors
- aluminium and glass doors.





# F - DOORS, WINDOWS AND BUILDING OPENINGS

CODE	DESCRIPTION	DIAGRAM	IMAGE
F1.2	Remove stepped door thresholds and replace with door thresholds flush to adjoining internal finished floor levels. NOTE: Consult a RPEQ Structural Engineer for recommendations.		
F1.3	Seal all frames to building fabric.		A CONTRACTOR OF



